## Sacramento County Probation Department

Juvenile Corrections Officer (JCO) Core Training Unit 6.0: Booking, Receiving, and Releasing

Module 6.1: Booking and Intake Instructional time: 3 hours

- 1. Welcome and introductions
- 2. Objectives:
  - a. 6.1.1 Define the roles of law enforcement and probation when a minor is taken into custody
  - b. 6.1.2 Identify the necessary components of a valid warrant
  - c. 6.1.3 Define "status offense"
  - d. 6.1.4 Identify when a juvenile must be advised of their constitutional rights
  - e. 6.1.5 Given a list of juvenile offenses, identify for each offense the information required to make a detention decision
  - f. 6.1.6 Given a Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (DRAI), make appropriate detention decisions that might involve overriding an assessment score
  - g. 6.1.7 Given a scenario, determine whether to detain or release a juvenile
  - h. 6.1.8 Identify requirements regarding the medical screening of incoming juveniles, according to Title 15
  - i. 6.1.9 Identify the notification requirements pertaining to developmentally disabled iuveniles
  - j. 6.1.10 Identify the agency and personal liability associated with failing to comply with medical clearance procedures
- 3. Define the roles of law enforcement and probation when a minor is taken into custody: Safety of the minor, safety of the community with assessment of police report, warrants/database checks, fingerprinting/booking, interview with minor and guardian
- 4. Necessary components of a valid warrant: Subject name/DOB, name of judge, county of origin, reason for warrant
- 5. Define "status offense" (runaway, poor school attendance, curfew violations)
- 6. Discuss the procedure for handling a "status offense" case: Rarely booked into custody unless the minor is an out of state runaway
- 7. Given a list of juvenile offenses, identify for each offense the information required to make a detention decision: Specifics of the crime, home life, victim, interview, probation status, prior record
- 8. Identify requirements regarding the medical screening of incoming juveniles, according to Title 15: Those in need of urgent medical attention are referred to an outside facility, written documentation required if a minor is not accepted for booking, medical/mental health concerns that may pose a hazard to others in the facility, etc.
- 9. Identify the agency and personal liability associated with failing to comply with medical clearance procedures: Department/employee (civil liability), reprimand, loss of employment
- 10. Identify the notification requirements pertaining to developmentally disabled juveniles: Any youth suspected or confirmed to have a developmental disability is referred to the local Regional Center for the Developmentally Disabled for diagnosis/treatment within 24 hours, excluding holidays and weekends
- 11. Religious accommodations at intake
- 12. CLETS/CPS

- 13. Discuss Senate Bill 1322 (minors involved in prostitution are treated as victims)
- 14. Discuss Senate Bill 395 (advisement of constitutional rights for those 18 years or younger, must have an attorney present for questioning)
- 15. Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (DRAI): Discuss when to override an assessment score
- 16. Discuss criteria of when to detain or release a juvenile at intake

